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U.S. State Dept Criticised For Negative China Policy

16 Killed In Political Riot

Bogota, Apr. 18.—The provincial authorities reported today that 16 persons were killed yesterday in the main clash of the bloody political rioting in Colombia. All sources agreed that the Army had succeeded in restoring order.

The official figure on casualties was 16 Conservatives, one Liberal and one soldier. However, the Bogota newspapers continued to report the number of dead as 30 to 40, a number which had been estimated unofficially in the main fight between soldiers and some 200 armed civilians.—United Press.

As Good As A Lighter

Prague, Apr. 18.—Belgrade Radio today claimed that a Yugoslav engineer had invented a match that could be ignited 100 times.

It was reported in a broadcast, picked up here, that the match utilized a newly discovered chemical produced in the experimental laboratory at Zagreb.

The broadcast, quoting the official Yugoslav news agency Tanjug, said the match would be put on sale in Yugoslav shops on May 1. It was described as about four inches long and somewhat thicker than an ordinary match.—United Press.

STILL VERY ILL

New York, Apr. 18.—Dr. Stephen S. Wise, 75-year-old President of the American Jewish Congress, was still in a critical condition today. Hospital officials said Dr. Wise responded to treatment during the night but there was no essential change in his condition from yesterday, when he emerged from a two-day coma.—Reuter.

Red Plot To Create Negro Nation

Conspiracy Trial Evidence

New York, Apr. 18.—A Georgia negro, who said he was trained in Moscow, testified today that a negro nation was to have been formed from Southern sections of the United States by the flames of violent revolution.

William Odell Nowell, a U.S. government employee, told a jury at the conspiracy trial of 11 top Communists that he once was a student of revolution at the feet of Party leaders in Russia. There, he said, Red Army instructors schooled him in "the science of civil warfare."

Other instructors, he testified, lectured on "the violent overthrow of the Capitalistic system and the establishment of a proletarian dictatorship."

Out of this blood bath, Nowell said, was to come a new negro nation, conceived in violence and dedicated to extending the Communist revolution throughout the United States.

It was to extend from Virginia to the Mississippi delta, Nowell said—the "Black Belt of the South," where Communists claimed negroes were in the majority.—Associated Press.

SHIP DISASTER: BIG DEATH ROLL

Guayaquil, Ecuador, April 18.—Officials said today that most of the 59 passengers aboard the steamship, Farallon, were drowned or burned to death when the vessel caught fire at Puerto Iguazu on Saturday. No exact death toll could be fixed. Rescue boats sailed through the waters off the south Ecuadorian port searching for possible survivors and bodies.—United Press.

RE-DEFINITION URGED

The Danger Of Communism

Washington, Apr. 18.—Republican Senator Karl Mundt, condemning the State Department for doing "nothing" to stem the Communist tide in Asia, tonight called for a re-definition of United States foreign policy along positive, consistent lines.

Senator Mundt's attack came in a speech at the opening session of the 58th Continental Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Recalling his support last year as House Foreign Affairs Committee member of the initial Marshall Plan, Senator Mundt said he had lost some of his enthusiasm. He said the plan originally was designed to assist countries anywhere in the world in their fight against Communism, but that objective had been "stricken" as a result of "inaction on the part of the executive."

"No assistance is now being extended to China," said Senator Mundt. "Asia apparently has been marked off as a 'cause.' Over half the people of this globe are being left to shift for themselves and seem about to fall into the clutches of Communism. Against this awful possibility and this imminent prospect, our State Department not only frowns on efforts by Congress to extend some help to avert this calamity, but offers nothing—definitely, positively, eloquently and completely nothing—as an alternative programme with any prospect for success."

As a result, Senator Mundt said, half the world was collapsing while "we try to stem the tide of Communism by building a higher, broader and more expensive dyke on one side of the river while leaving the red waters to rush in to flood the plains of Asia." That was a "devastating and most discouraging prospect," he added.

He said the United States foreign policy must be clarified, and must be made "positive, consistent, inclusive, effective and understandable—and, above all, a realistic foreign policy, which will resist evil where it finds it and which will realize that the world cannot be bad and half good without bringing ruin to the whole."

He then outlined these needs:

1. An organization leading and assisting freedom-loving nations "where we find them," to provide real collective security against Communism.
2. International control of the atomic bomb.
3. Find a force or create a way within or without the United Nations for preventing Russia with its veto from continuing to be both dictator over her own conquests and dictator of international policies at Lake Success.
4. Meet the challenge of Communism on the home front through education and by Federal legislation similar to the Communist control bill which Senator Mundt introduced in Congress.—United Press.

Full-Scale Yangtse Battle In Progress

Talks Endangered

Nanking, Apr. 19.—Messages from Chinkiang early this morning said that a full scale battle was in progress last night on the Yangtse east of Nanking following the first major Communist attempt to cross the River to the south bank.

The latest messages said that more than a division of Communist troops and about 1,000 river craft at 10 o'clock last night advanced towards the south bank from Hohuacheh Island.

At midnight Nationalist gunboats and artillery were bombarding the Communists fiercely. The Communists had then not succeeded in establishing a foothold on the south bank.

Hohuacheh Island was taken 24 hours earlier by the Communists under the cover of an artillery barrage which bombarded Nationalist positions on the Yangtse south bank.

TAIYUAN ASSAULT

Twelve Communist armies and one artillery division were yesterday attacking Taiyuan, the long besieged capital of Shansi, according to a statement released by the Shansi Provincial Office in Nanking.

It said that the Communists were, particularly, concentrating artillery fire on the eastern sector of the city.

Fighting is going on six miles outside the city walls.

The Nationalist Military News Agency reported last night that three Communist Army groups are concentrating on two islands in the Yangtse River north of Nanking, 150 miles south-west of Nanking.

It said that the Communists claimed that they would be across the River by April 25.

NO MORE CONCESSIONS

An official Nationalist source told Reuter last night that if the Communists insist on their demands to cross south of the Yangtse River to supervise the re-organization of Nationalist armies, the peace talks will collapse on April 20.

The Nationalist Government would not make further concessions as already indicated to the Communists in the negotiations so far at Peking, it claimed.

Kuomintang leaders are meeting here today to decide what approach should now be made to induce the Communists to waive the time limit for the peace talks and compromise on their demand that the Nationalists accept the Red-drafted peace agreement by April 20.

The confirmed Shanghai press reports today said that the Nationalist Government may move the seat of government temporarily to Shanghai of Communist troops should cross the Yangtse River preparatory to transferring to Canton.

The final decision is said to hinge on the outcome of the current peace talks in Peking.—Reuter.

MISSING MEN FOUND BURIED

London, Apr. 18.—Swiss Radio reports that a search party today found the bodies of the three-man Swiss military patrol, missing in the Alps since April 10.

The men had fallen at a height of over 3,000 metres into a deep crevasse and had been buried by snow. It took six hours to get the bodies out of the crevasse.

The bodies were carried down tonight to Arolla, in the Canton of Valais.—Reuter.

Climber's Fatal Fall From Rock

Trento, Italy, Apr. 18.—A 24-year-old Italian climber, Walter Peco, of Bolzano, was killed yesterday when he fell 200 metres from a steep rock face in the Torre di Gella group of the Dolomites.

Two other climbers, roped with him, were saved because the rope snapped on a sharp rock as he plunged to his death. They clung exhausted to the rock for several hours before being rescued.—Reuter.

Gunman's Widow Becomes Mother

Montreal, Apr. 18.—Mrs Noel Cloutier, widow of a gunman hanged on March 11 for the murder of two policemen, gave birth to triplets today.

Cloutier was executed despite pleas for a stay of execution because of his wife's pregnancy. One other man was also hanged for the murders, committed during an attempted bank holdup. A third man is under sentence of death.—Reuter.

German Police Fire On Demonstrators

Berlin, Apr. 18.—Eastern Sector German police fired on riotous demonstrators today in a crowd of 30,000 people, watching cycle races at the Berlin Stadium, the German news agency, DENA, reported.

The agency said a police car had to face the resistance of an angry crowd to get away after the shooting.

Several pistol shots were fired, the report added, when the police had trouble in taking a man into custody. Spectators were beaten up, box offices overturned, and "mob tumult, fighting and shooting" followed, the agency said. It stated that the trouble, which lasted three hours, began with a demonstration against the organisers of the races.—Reuter.

End Of Berlin Blockade Prospects

SENIOR SOVIET ENVOY ON WAY TO WASHINGTON

London, Apr. 18.—Berlin reports that a senior Soviet envoy, believed to be General Malinin, adviser to the Russian Military Government, had left for Washington, were interpreted by diplomatic observers in London as a strong pointer to the existence of Soviet-American contacts on the possibility of ending the Berlin blockade.

No official comment was available from the Foreign Office here, but it was clear to observers that the British Government is not directly concerned in any feelers that may have been put out.

Before the weekend, a Foreign Office spokesman formally denied that any approach on the subjects of the Berlin blockade had been received from the Soviet Government. But it has been noted here that no categorical denial was made by Mr Dean Acheson, the US Secretary of State, when he was questioned on the matter.

For some days, therefore, it has been impossible to exclude the possibility of some truth in the many rumours of a Soviet approach to Washington. The probability that the Soviet Government is making a fresh attempt to secure a solution of the German problem as a whole, before a West German Government is set up, and would even be prepared to raise the Berlin blockade as a preliminary, is thought by observers here to have been strengthened in recent weeks by the economic difficulties in Eastern Germany.

SIGNIFICANT VISIT

If the report of General Malinin's trip proves to be accurate, it will certainly be interpreted here as evidence that a solution for Berlin is under discussion.

The British view, there is every reason to believe, remains the same as in the four-power talks on the raising of the blockade, which took place in Moscow last summer. The British Government was then ready to discuss the German problem as a whole on a four-power basis after the Berlin blockade had been lifted.

In Washington, the Press Secretary of the Soviet Embassy said today that the Embassy had not been informed of the possible arrival in Washington of a Soviet official from Berlin.

Answering queries about a reported Soviet mission to Washington, said to concern Germany and the Atlantic Pact, the State Department said: "The Department is aware of the many rumours and reports about various matters affecting Germany. They are so many and so varied that the Department will make no comment on them."

IN PLAIN CLOTHES

According to a reliable source in Berlin close to the Soviet Military Administration today, a Soviet official, travelling in plain clothes, left the German capital for Washington yesterday on an important mission to the Soviet Embassy there.

This source stated that the purpose of the mission was to obtain first-hand information on the Atlantic Pact and on its possible after-effects in Western Europe—particularly in Germany.

The name of the envoy, who travelled by air accompanied by another Russian, was not disclosed but it is believed that he was General Malinin, a

Holiday Ends In Blaze Of Sunshine

London, Apr. 18.—The phenomenal Easter holiday weather held out for holiday-makers in Southern England, who crowded benches and parks for a final sunbath before tomorrow's "back to work."

People in the North were not so fortunate, with heavy rains and cloudy skies breaking the weekend heatwave.

In Berlin, the sudden heat spell brought out Berlin's famous Linden trees almost overnight. The record Easter fuel airlifts provided electricity for welcome extra trains.

Paris enjoyed the warmest Easter most people could remember, with French holiday-makers again basking in sunshine today.

ATLANTIC FOG

Less lucky were the trans-Atlantic passengers on the liner Queen Elizabeth, which arrived late at Cherbourg today because of continuous rain and fog during her crossing.

Travel companies estimated that about one million Parisians had left their sweltering capital, the warmest place in France. Today's shade temperature was 28 degrees Centigrade.

In shady boulevards cafes waiters sweated from early morning demands for cold beer from the thousands of lightly-clad tourists.

Berliners with picnic baskets and sunbathers again packed the grounds to the surrounding lakes and woods. The record Easter fuel airlifts provided electricity for extra trains.

Potsdam Observatory forecast clear weather for another two or three days.

COLOMBO UNLUCKY

In Colombo, torrential rains during the very different Easter from Europe's record-breaking spell of sunny weather. Floods swamped roads and disorganised the train services in the capital and several houses collapsed.

Shops, offices, banks and factories all over Italy closed down today for the Easter Monday holiday—one of the most important in the Italian year.

From Milan, thousands of holiday-makers went north to the lakes. From Rome crowds left for the sea at Ostia or for the Alban Hills. The weather continued hot and brilliant, sunny all over the country.

In Rome, the maximum temperature was 28 degrees Centigrade.

Half a million railway tickets have been sold by Rome railway stations since last night, taking one-third of the city's population into the country for the Easter Monday holiday.—Reuter.

EDITORIAL

Constructive Criticism

IN their original manifesto and at their public meetings the Reform Club have placed great emphasis on the desire and intention to offer constructive criticism of Government and public affairs—a commendable basis on which to conduct any forum. But, as we have observed before, constructive criticism of the Administration is nothing new or original in Hongkong; still to be demonstrated, however, is what it actually achieves in changing or modifying official policy and actions. Government, through its executive officers, has frequently welcomed constructive criticism as a "healthy sign" of public opinion, and by inference has indicated a willingness to be persuaded to give heed to this type of advice. Nevertheless, experience has shown that this official recognition of constructive criticism is mainly lip service to a democratic tenet and that very seldom does Government do anything more about it. The brick wall which the Colony's civil service has built between itself and the public is today just as resistant to constructive suggestions from third parties as ever before. For the most part Government politely listens, then just as cynically ignores. It is supremely confident in the par excellence of its policies and methods, and radical changes are considered to be vexatious and bothersome. And it is in the matter of policy where Government remains adamant. Occasionally it listens to protests and grumbles regarding small matters which have some effect on the lives and comforts of the community and will adopt suggestions that deal with trifles but have no effect on policy; for these crumbs the community must duly express its gratitude, and everybody is expected to feel completely happy and

satisfied. But on larger issues, constructive criticism is more cavalierly treated. It is either "noted," or it will be "given due attention," or it is just dismissed as being "contrary to practice and policy," and therefore, of course, beyond the pale. In the field of constructive thought, Government has, from time to time, been asked to discard its "conspiracy of silence" policy and take the public fully into its confidence; that has been ignored; it has many times been suggested that a new and more clarified system of budgeting be adopted; that is lightly brushed aside; Government has been asked to submit to the public at regular intervals policy statements; that too is blandly pigeon-holed. On most subjects of major importance, especially where official policy is involved, Government remains indifferent to constructive criticism; proposals are a "healthy sign," but they produce no positive reaction. The Reform Club has been becomingly constructive in its criticism to date, but so far there has been no manifestation on the part of Government as to whether it is prepared to listen to any of this criticism; still less whether it is likely to act upon it. By its attitude and actions to date, Government gives the impression that it regards Vox Populi, less as a "healthy sign," and more as a nuisance which has to be tolerated, and, wherever possible, forgotten. The best hope, of course, is that the Reform Club will accomplish what others before them have failed to do—make a sufficient impression on the official mind, so that it will not only listen to constructive criticism, but will be willing to embody it in future policy and actions. That would be an historical achievement.

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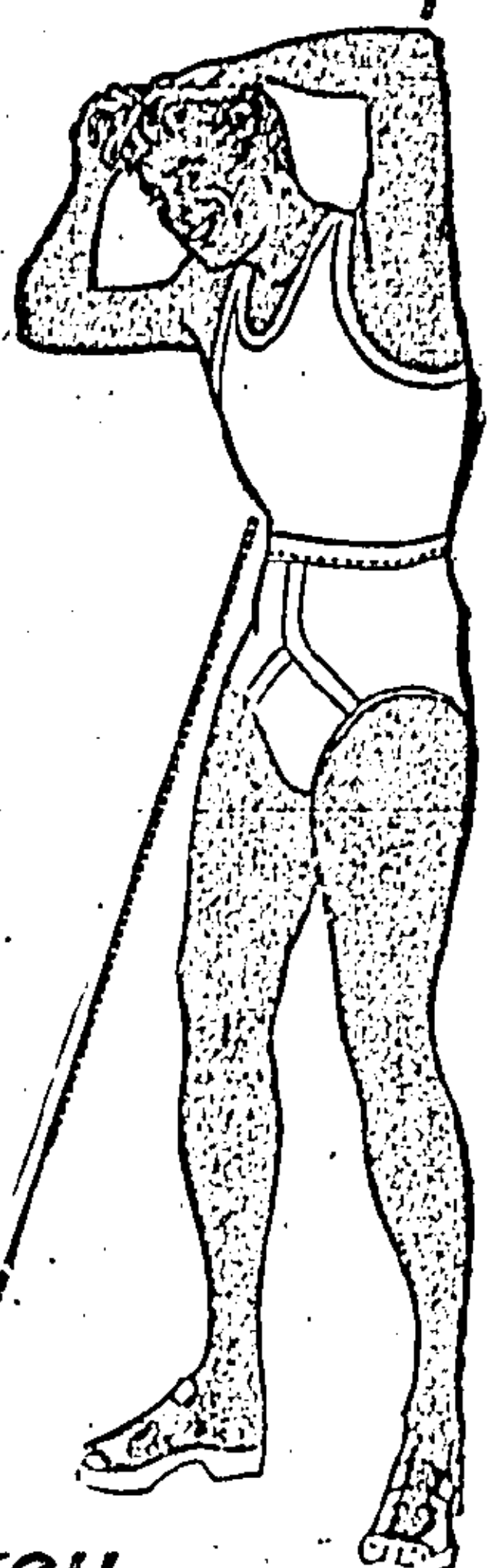
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WOMANSENSE

NEW ACCESSORY COLOUR



By ALICE ALDEN

A new vibrant shade lends lustre to the spring colour card. It is bamboo, a golden beige that appears in co-ordinated accessories as well as in suitings. Richard Koret, sponsor of this colour for bags, uses it for a rich bag of bamboo calf suede, pointed up with amber shell knobs, and an outside pocket under the flap. This is a very smart companion for a navy coat dress, a black suit, and for natural linen later in the season.

POISE FOR TEEN-AGERS

By JILL MORRISON

POISE for teenagers is as important to boys as it is to girls. They seldom recognise this because they don't care much about how they look. But they do care about how they feel.

What they possibly don't know is that health of mind and body can be developed by getting rid of muscle-tensions; and that habits of wrong posture are often associated with disease. The thing to do is to develop the correct posture while you're young.

Here are some exercises which are designed to encourage you to carry yourself properly.

STAIR off with this one to loosen-up too-rigid shoulders. Stand up with feet together. Clench the hands and place the fists firmly under the armpits. Now rotate elbows in a circle.

To give balance and poise—do this to march-time music if possible. Throw the right foot forward and put the weight on it. Lift both arms above the head, putting the neck back. Turn the body and head to the left, dropping the arms in front until they are level with the shoulders. Face front, return to first position and repeat on left foot swinging to the right. Do this six times.

To correct a pigeon-toed walk, do this: Sit on the floor with the soles of the feet flat against each other. (This exercise is best done with shoes and stockings removed.) Pull the feet back towards the body and as near to it as possible. Repeat 12 times. Then, grasping the feet with the hands, clap the soles together 20 times.

To help you to hold your body properly, even while sitting, do this out of doors if possible: Hold your chin well up. Walk quickly. Flexing the shoulders back, put your arms behind you, gripping the right elbow with the left hand. Walk like this for 100 paces if you can. Repeat every day.

To strengthen legs and cultivate balance: Stand with the feet six inches apart. Raise the body on to the toes, at the same time raising the arms sideways until they are level with the shoulders. Bend knees outward, lowering body until you are almost sitting on your heels. Keeping arms in a straight line, turn head and arms as far as possible to the right. Face front again. Raise body as slowly as possible, lower arms to side and heels to floor. Repeat entire exercise four times daily, alternately to left and right.

Anne Sothorn's Eating Habits

By PATRICIA CLARY

HOLLYWOOD.—The hardest thing about being a movie star is taking the same old orange juice and coffee for breakfast 365 days of the year.

That is the word from Ann Sothorn's maid Marie, who has watched over Miss Sothorn's problems for 14 years and finds that keeping away from a doughnut is the biggest.

"She hates to diet," confided Marie, "but she has to. She begs for a piece of toast but I rush her the bread papers and hope she'll forget about it."

The second biggest problem is getting up in the morning. A movie star usually has to be on the set by 7 a.m.

"She's never late," bragged Marie, "and she always knows her lines."

Miss Sothorn is very fussy about her clothes and makeup when she's working on a picture.

"She'll sit in the sun for hours waiting for a bite," Marie giggled. "But she never eats fish."

"There isn't a phony bone in her body," she said. "She never pretends about anything. If she's mad, everybody knows it. It's the same when she's happy."

"She likes to do things the easiest way. She doesn't like to walk and she doesn't like to drive. Always has a chauffeur. She never goes shopping but has clothes brought to the house. She never sees her previews. Instead she talks to her friends for hours until she finds out exactly what they think about a picture. She doesn't like them to fib to her."

—United Press.

Debate On Delicious vs. Nutritious Held By 110 Food Editors

By JANE NICKERSON

A CURRENT conflict in food circles concerns nutritiousness versus deliciousness. Can the good-for-you foods also be good to eat? Would we rather be told, "It's nourishing," or "It's delectable"? Is eating a science or an art?

When 110 newspaper food editors got together—as they did in New York not long ago for their fifth annual conference—they talk shop between sessions. This year they touched on the nutritious-delicious controversy, especially in terms of what their readers like to read. They wondered aloud whether women want food discussed as a pleasure to the palate or as an enhancer to health. Or both?

One speaker said at the conference: "We don't like to talk about bananas being good for people. We don't consider that approach makes food attractive." But at the luncheon that followed, a Government representative remarked in private conversation, "To what can we lay the steady and almost spectacular rise in fluid milk consumption during the last quarter century is not to general discussion of its nutritive value in diets?" And someone else spoke of the Department of Agriculture's survey of housewives in Richmond, Va., last spring, in which women said that the recipe they receive most cordially is the one that's offered as being "good for children."

As A Science

The science of nutrition, little doubt about it, has had bad "public relations." At least, many people want none of it. The words, "Eat it—it's good for you," can be enough to take away their appetites. Probably two groups are to blame—the food faddists, who go on wholemeal bread and black-strap molasses diets, and the food writers themselves, who have preached instead of talked of food in relation to health. No one likes to be preached at.

Actually, there is no controversy. Or if there is, it's one that can easily be reconciled in what has been called "the heart of the home"—that is, the kitchen. Both the scientists and the gourmet have justifiable claims. Today to disregard either is—well, silly.

If one pooh-poos nutrition, one is turning one's back on such excellent work as is being done on maternal and infant diets by Dr. Icie Macy Hoolbert at the Children's Fund of Michigan; on research into overweight and its influence on high blood pressure, diabetes and other ailments; on investigations into food and its effect on dental health.

But, on the other hand, should one become "nutrition-mad," one may forget that cooking is among the oldest and greatest of the arts, that eating may become entertaining as well as being necessary, that even if a food is "good for you," it won't be consumed unless it's flavourful, too.

Good cooks, in the twentieth-century meaning of the term, translate the best findings of the laboratory into the best meals you ever ate. They wed nutrition and gastronomy. They give ear to the scientist and the French chef. A delicate cheese soufflé... a thick steak with mushroom sauce... an omelet fines herbes...

Speaking of eating as entertainment, the one food company suggested to the editors attending the conference that their readers might like to be reminded that dinner can be the point of the evening, not just a hasty prelude to the play, the opera, movies, dancing, bridge or whatever.

Food For Food's Sake

The "steak and supper" at which the company played host was enough to convince the editor, if he needed persuasion, that fine food—and nothing else in the way of amusement—can be a party's reason for being. This was an old-fashioned meal of the sort that used to be served on a river side-wheeler maybe a century ago. One had to take at least two hours to do justice to a menu consisting of hot shrimps, condiments, chicken and oyster pie, stuffed eggplant, Virginia ham, salad, cornbread, pecan layer cake, fruit and coffee. Home cooks wouldn't want to undertake such a prodigious meal, but at least they can duplicate for their guests the fine flavours and sense of leisure that prevailed that pleasant evening.

Crisp Blouse



By GRACE THORNCLIFFE

THE cotton blouse is a top favourite this season, especially for general daytime wear, and it makes a nice outfit with a separate skirt. Brown and white striped cotton is used for this neat blouse detailed with a pocket, short sleeves and pearl buttons. With it is worn a classic skirt of beige gabardine with two flaps at the hips covering slit pockets. There is an action pleat in the front of the skirt, and the back is gored.

It Can't Be Done In Australia

Sydney, Australia.—Four Tahitian girls, on their first visit away from the islands, bought swimming suits on their shopping tour in Sydney.

The three Roy-sisters, Eclair, 16, Euliette, 18, and Ervin, 21, and Miss Marcelle Frogier were named not to wear their Tahitian French-type bathing suits on Sydney's beaches.

Marcelle shrugged: "In Tahiti we can swim in practically nothing. All this fuss seems so silly."

However, they all are excited about their trip away from Tahiti. "At home, we just sing, play the guitar, and swim," they explained.

Miss Frogier, owner of a cabaret in Papeete, plans to go on to San Francisco, London and Paris.—United Press.

Choosing a New Hairstyle



A modern version of the Empress Josephine coiffure in this smart hairdo. Designed by a famous New York hair stylist, it features soft, graceful curls.

BY HELEN FOLLETT

HAIR styling has developed into a fine art. It is surprising how many variations there are of the short cut. Perhaps you have seen the one that has a V at the nape line, with ends tapered and fringed upward. Just the ticket for the girl whose neck is short and plump.

The neat, tailored head is distinctly of the mode. But there are many young women who will still rely upon the permanent to give them ringlets that form a soft frame for the feminine phiz. Exotic faces, the joy and despair of coiffure artists, can get away with plain, sleek arrangements that carry the chignon. There are those who refuse to be short-haired. They are hanging onto their pigtail material, believing that the cropped tresses may suddenly finish its term.

Women of small stature are likely to select a mode that has a youthful casualness, it suits the type. Taller ones take to rather formal designs and that is wise of them. Dear young creatures of high school and college age continue to have flowing locks. They love them.

Bangs have come back in full force. Nothing surprising about that; the short cut lends itself to forehead fringes.

A new fancy is to brush the short ends up at the sides as if one were starting an upswEEP hairdo, forgetting that the tresses are limited in length.

Whenever there is a new twist to a hair mode, when locks are placed in entirely new patterns, do not expect them to be amiable at first. Do brushing vigorously, coddle and pet them; they will soon conform to the new arrangement.

Let's Eat

BY
IDA BAILEY ALLEN



French Style Tossed Salad

"I'm glad to find that tossed green salads are regarded as one of the necessary parts of the meal," I remarked. "This means much to good health—for green salads are refreshing, to taste, act as a relish, stimulate the appetite, provide vitamins and minerals and—they fill you up! A consideration not to be lightly taken these days of high food costs."

"And I've noticed that it seems to be a custom here to decorate tossed salads with sliced hard-cooked eggs, good both for health and the taste of the salad," I added. "Most of us can do this now that eggs have dropped in price."

Tossed Salads

"I am also very happy to see that they prepare, or as you say, 'toss' the salad together in the French manner."

"As you're so enthusiastic about it, Chef, let's have the real version of dressing a green salad."

The Chef assumed his most important manner.

"First of all, the green salad ingredients must be very fresh, crisp and dry. All the water must be removed so as not to dilute the dressing. In France we put the greens in a round wire basket, that fits together and has a handle and whirl it around and around to shake off the water. Here you can drain and dry the greens on the American paper towels. Then the greens are cut up, but not the soft varieties of lettuce. These leaves are so delicate they should be torn by hand. But the iceberg lettuce, that is so firm it can be cut."

Large Bowl

"Always use a large bowl to give plenty of room for mixing the salad. You can rub the bowl with a cut section of garlic or you can rub a cube of bread with garlic and toss with the salad; the bread should then be removed. Then the salad should be tossed with the oil. Next the seasonings are mixed with the vinegar, to distribute them evenly; then the vinegar is tossed in."

"What proportions of oil and vinegar do you use, Chef?"

"I personally am a 'miser with the vinegar and a spendthrift with the oil.' But most people like three spoons of oil to one tablespoon vinegar. Next comes the gentle turning over and over with the large wooden salad fork and spoon, until every leaf is coated with dressing. There should be no liquid left in the bottom of the bowl."

"Now Chef, I'd like to make a point. Many people think that wooden salad bowls should never be washed—just wiped out with paper after using. But

For that real Creole flavour add 4 whole cloves to red bean soup when put on to boil.

Trick of the Chef

WORLD NEWS IN PICTURES



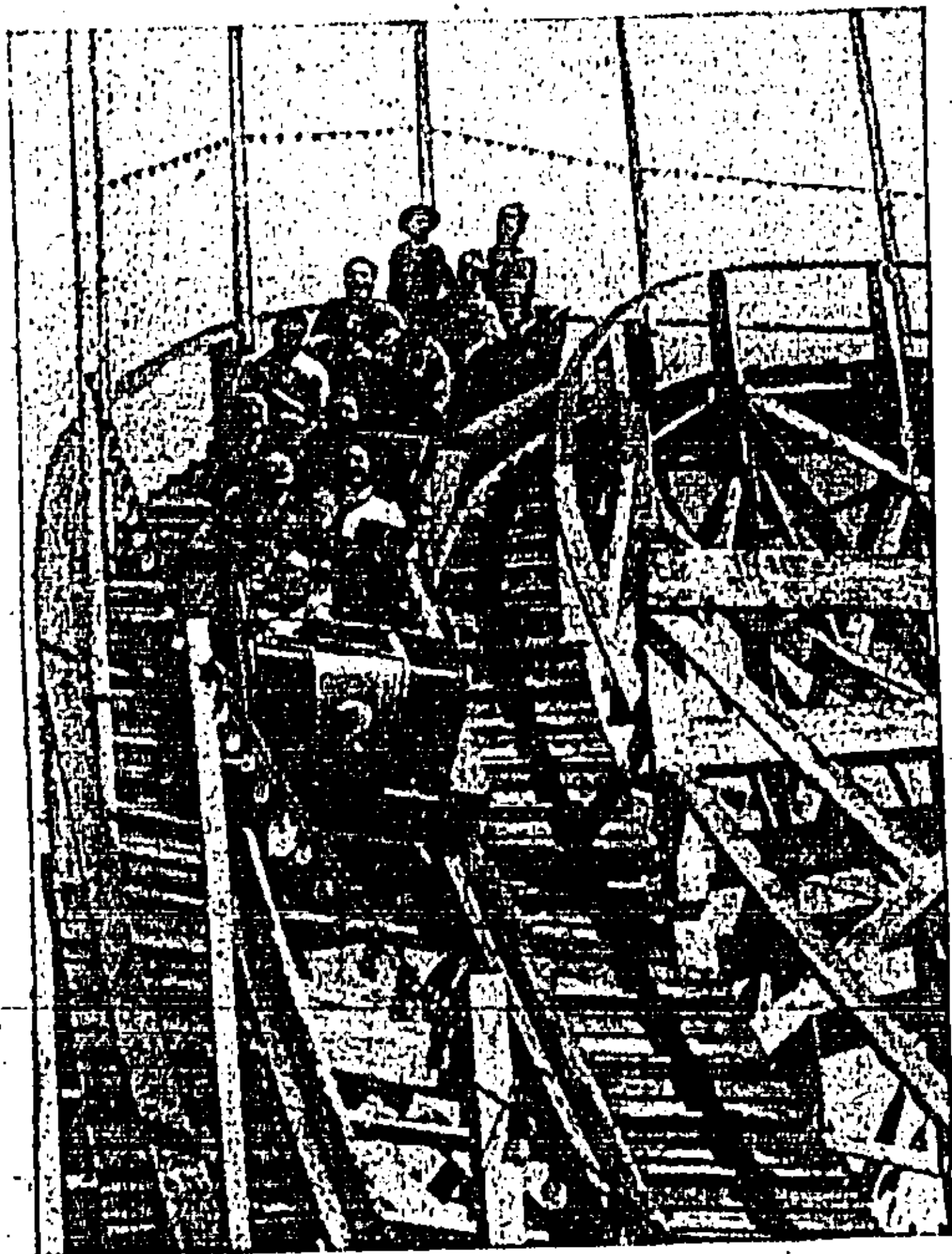
WEARY OF IT ALL—Tommy Ray sits on a mattress in Blackwell, Oklahoma, and looks disgustedly at the house wall which fell on to his bed. A tornado caused the damage, and Tommy's wondering how to fix that with something stronger than props.



FOR DEEPER DIVING—Otis Barton, left, and Hans Carstensen inspect the bathoscope through which recordings will be made of deep sea life off California. The machine is expected to penetrate to twice the depth of any previous attempts.



GETTING TOGETHER AGAIN—Greeting a former servicewoman at a London reunion of the Queen Mary's Army Auxiliary Corps, smiling Princess Elizabeth recalls war days. The Princess praised the work of the ex-servicewomen, of which she is one.



WITH BUTTERFLY STOMACHS—These ride-testers roar down an amusement park roller coaster at Palisades Park, New Jersey, with their hearts in their mouths. After a winter of idleness, all the amusements are being dusted off for a new season.



LUNCH TIME—During a visit to the primary school in Haranomachi, Japan, a US Army corporal supervises the school lunch period. To ensure that the students get a properly balanced diet, a lunch programme has been introduced in several schools by the Educational Section, Miyagi Military Government Team of the U.S. Army.



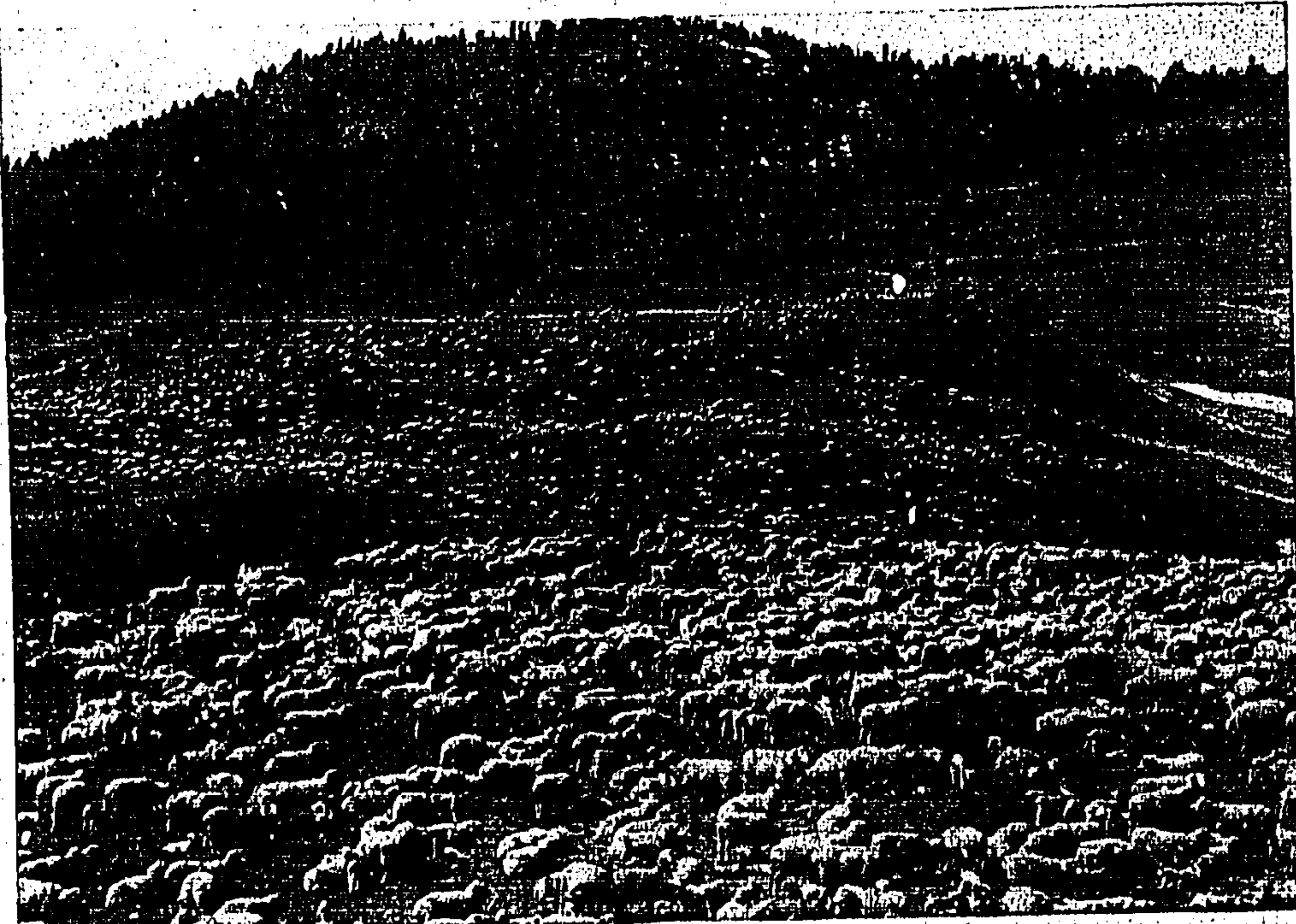
PREVIEW—Betty Lindquist, in Miami Beach, Florida, just couldn't wait to display her new bonnet. The parasol protects her from the sun.



WARMER, WITH COLD—Nora Jimenez, 18, enjoys the spring sunshine while seated on an ice formation along the shore of Lake Ontario, near Oswego, New York. Nora is a student at the New York State Teachers' College.



ONE BARE IS DIFFERENT—Little Harold Jackson of New York got away from his mother in Miami Beach and scampered out with his two toy bears. But since he was bare himself, he didn't stay on the beach very long.



FOOD AND CLOTHING—This is part of a herd of sheep which is being fattened and sheared on the 6,000-foot Alpine pastures of a ranch near Kamloops, British Columbia. The lambs will provide a lot of chops for the dinner table next autumn, and their wool may be the yarn in that new suit for 1950. They'll soon be moved to summer pasture 150 miles away.

JOAN BLONDELL, glamorous star says, "Pink lipstick's the Hollywood craze and 'Pink Queen' is the perfect pink."

Tangee's NEW "PINK QUEEN"

Tangee's new "Pink Queen" is dazzling as a diamond. It's bright. It's light. It's fashion right. And, of course, like all Tangee seven super-shades, it goes on easier... stays on longer. Yes, "Pink Queen" is Tangee's pink of perfection! Treat yourself to the perfect pink lipstick shade today.

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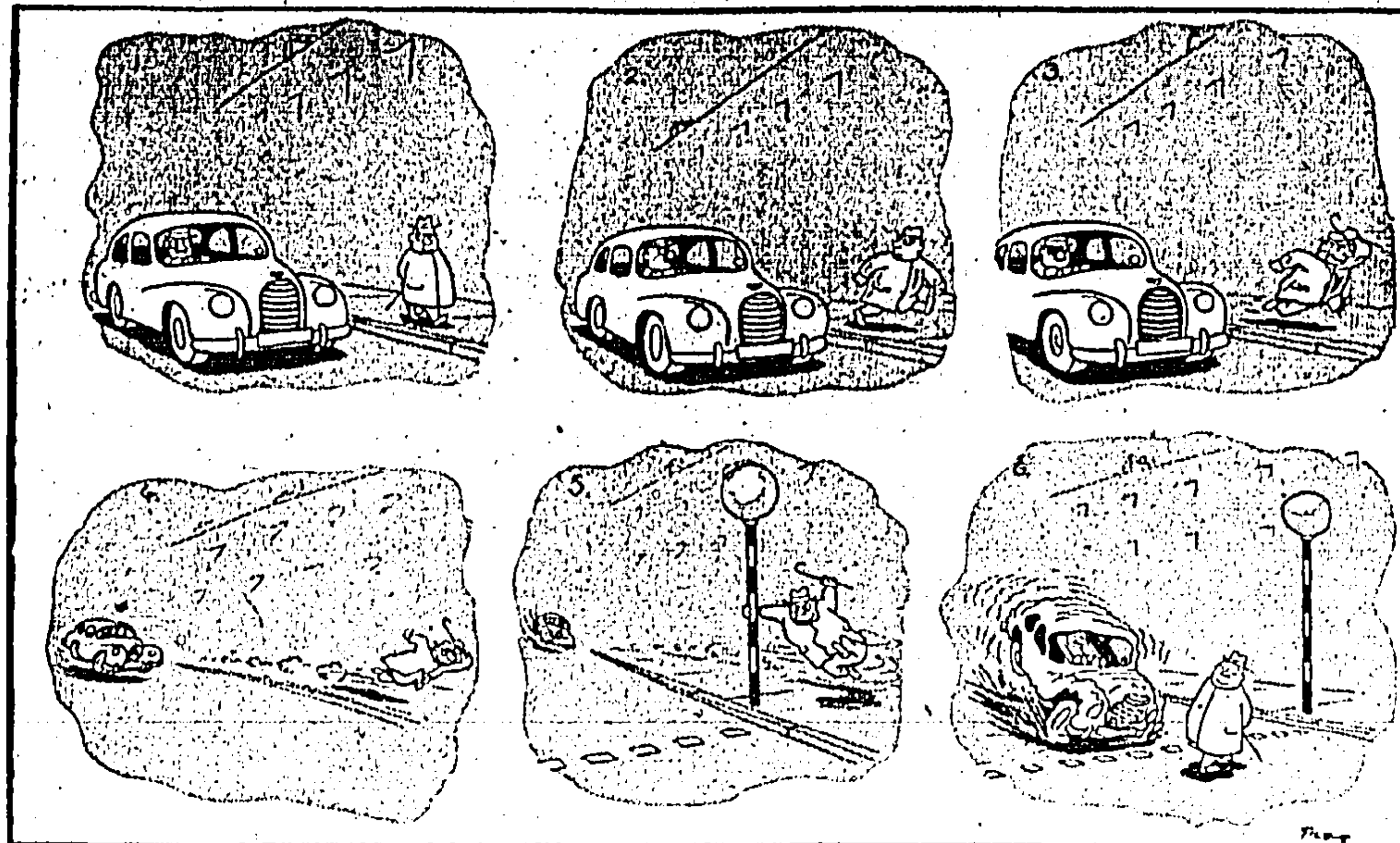
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Commencing To-morrow: "DESIRE ME"



"Pedestrian Crossing Week"

London Express Service

IT'S ALL EYES ON TITO

JANINA (Greece). In actual travelling time it has taken me only a few hours to get here since Mr. Buttle, our village carrier, drove me to the station through the quiet, gossiping lanes of peaceful Suffolk.

Yet here I am now, high up in Northern Greece with savages, snow-topped mountains glaring down on me and war all around. Not just a political and economic war, but a real live shooting war.

It is soldiers, everywhere here—soldiers, armoured cars, ambulances, despatch riders, refugees, and prisoners.

For me the prisoners are the worst part of it all. They have been captured in the fighting high up in the mountains only a few miles from here.

The majority of them are not Communists, but simple peasants who were press-ganged.

When they have been fed, D.D.T'd, bathed, and re-clothed, they will be screened. If they are not Communists or volunteer guerrillas, they will then be set free again to go home or join Greece's 700,000 refugees.

The threat

YES, Suffolk seems a long way from all this. But unfortunately it is not. It is closer even than the flying distance. I say so because—

1 THIS war here in Greece is part of the same general campaign which, with varying methods, the Soviet Union and the Cominform are waging against the Western way of life throughout the world.

2 BECAUSE the latest phase of the shooting war here in Greece is capable of involving us all. Paradoxically it may bring Greece itself temporary peace.

The Politburo have decided to let up on the war in Greece and devote all their attention to Tito.

Tito's rebellion in Yugoslavia has not only set a dangerous example of successful defiance. It has deprived Russia of direct access to the Adriatic Sea, traditional objective of Russian imperialism, which the Kremlin had achieved.

Russia has, therefore, decided to call off for the time being the drive to the Aegean Sea—the strategic objective behind her campaign to establish a Communist regime in Greece. Instead she is concentrating all her Balkan forces, including the Greek guerrillas, on regaining access to the Adriatic and crushing Tito.

Here in Greece Moscow's plan is clear... To be sure of a corridor to the Adriatic—with Yugoslavia encircled...

The tactic by which this is to be achieved has now become clear. It is the most dangerous game that the Kremlin has yet played, and it may be the reason for the changes in Moscow's hierarchy.

It is also the reason for recent loyalty declarations by Communists in Western Europe. Like the recent Russian reinforcements in Germany's Soviet zone, which everyone was talking about at the Leipzig Fair, they are designed to frighten the West from even thinking of intervention.

Stalin's plan is to allow Hitler's old ally, Bulgaria—supported by Mussolini's old ally,

Instead, 20,000 men of the Greek Communist guerrilla have been organised in corps, divisions, brigades, regiments, battalions, and companies. They have been making a series of costly full-scale attacks on large centres like Florina, Naoussa, Carpenissi, and, latest of all, the town of Arta, near Janina.

Their objective in all this was explained to me by Colonel Tsitsibos Soteris, newly captured chief-of-staff of 138 Communist guerrilla brigade, a fair-haired young Greek dressed in an American uniform and Russian boots.

It is: "To recruit by force new levies of men and women to bring the Greek guerrilla army up to strength for important operations in Macedonia."

United Nations observers report that more than 100 lorries with material for Greek guerrillas have been seen crossing the unguarded frontier from Bulgaria into Greece.

In the Vitsi Mountains two weeks ago a council of war was meeting, composed of Macedonian, Bulgarian, and Albanian Communists.

Although they did not announce formal constitution of a Macedonian republic as had been promised in their first proclamations, it is considered certain that they have pressed on with further preparations.

Moves clear

FOR Tito himself had been the founder of the post-war movement for a Free Macedonia under Yugoslav overlordship. Now his moves become clear.

He has closed down the clandestine radios of N.O.F. and Free Greece. Both radios have since started up again in Bulgaria.

According to Tsitsibos and Communist recently captured in the Mount Vitsi area, Tito is looking up all guerrillas fleeing for refuge from Greece into Yugoslavia. He is also reported to have massed troops in Southern Yugoslavia.

What are Tito's chances of dealing successfully with this Bulgar-Cominform plot?

Pretty fair, I would say, always providing: (1) There is no powerful treason against him from his own friends; and (2) The Russians do not turn the guerrilla campaign into a full-scale open war.

SEFTON DELMER'S



NEWSMAP today reports a switch in Russia's tactics to "the Kremlin's most dangerous game."

Albania—to go ahead with the traditional Bulgarian scheme for the creation of a free, independent Macedonian Republic. This would be part of a Balkan federation and, of course, the Bulgarians would be top dogs.

This republic would be built out of parts of Bulgaria, Yugoslavia, and Greece, so integrated as to link up Bulgaria with Albania.

Tito would thus be encircled and Moscow would have a loyal corridor to the Adriatic.

Preparations for the scheme are far advanced. Its main element is a rising of Macedonian guerrillas in Yugoslavia. They are to be aided by Greeks, Bulgars, and Albanians.

New army

TO work more smoothly with the Greek guerrilla army has been entirely reorganised. Gone are the small dispersed guerrilla units which used to conduct harassing warfare against the Greek Army and gendarmes, effectively destroying the economic life of the country. Gone, too, is their chief, self-styled Generalissimo Markos.

The Criminals We Deserve

By Sir Alexander Paterson

LONDON. HAS the war, with its unhappy aftermath of economic shortages and bureaucratic superfluity, left us also with a young generation of gunning gangsters who for years to come will make life precarious?

Recent shooting cases have awakened a sense of uneasiness and apprehension. But it is well to take a long view. Public opinion may be easily alarmed and influenced. The dramatic cases in the courts makes a deep impression on the human memory and judgment. Should a second or third similar case be reported in succeeding weeks, that impression is beaten in even more deeply, and may well become a fixed obsession.

There is then a danger that public opinion may be diverted in one of two directions.

It may demand more summary justice and more severe penalties, or even succumb to the old Poona school of "hang the lot."

The second and perhaps more dangerous tendency leads to the depreciation of all the methods previously used to deal with the young gunman.

DESTINATIONS

SOME have been at Borsal, others at approved schools. These are apt to be wrapped up in a general condemnation, because one of the products of their training made a fateful appearance in the dock at the Old Bailey, despite the fact that the dock is not the only destination of the boy from Borsal and the approved school.

For every one who appears there, ten or a dozen or a score have their names immortalised in the Roll of the RAF crews who are remembered daily in Westminster Abbey or in the regimental memorials throughout the country.

It is, therefore, important that public opinion should be informed of the exact facts and figures. When the criminal statistics are available for last year, will they show a marked increase in the number of young men shooting with intent to kill? I doubt it, and I believe that the figures will prove that we are still a strangely law-abiding nation.

At the end of the first world war there were lugubrious prophecies that some five million young men trained in the use of arms would be a dangerous infusion into the civilian population. There were, it is true,

Some have said we get the criminals we deserve. It is certainly true that if our young men turn out to be a menace and a nuisance, they were once the boys we under-valued and neglected.

—(London Express Service).

A BIG JOB GOING IN PICCADILLY

by BERNARD DENVIR

THERE'S a big job vacant at Burlington House, Piccadilly, London, W.1—headquarters of the Royal Academy of British Art.

No less a job than the Presidency. It has to be filled before the end of this year, because Sir Alfred Munnings, K.C.V.O., is resigning.

Therefore 51 painters, architects and sculptors will assemble in a picture-hung room at Burlington House to elect his successor.

Their choice will be submitted to Buckingham Palace for approval, and the new President will be invested by the King with the gold chain and medal given to the Academy by George IV—his great-granduncle. This medal and chain will be worn on all ceremonial occasions.

FORMALITY

IN theory the President is elected every year, but since the time of the first President, Sir Joshua Reynolds, this annual election has been no more than a formality.

Normally the President retains his office till he dies or resigns. Resignations are not frequent, although, since 1918, there has been a rule that members of the Academy should resign from all offices when they are 75.

Sir Alfred Munnings has not yet reached the age of retirement. He became President when he was 66 in 1944, beating Augustus John by 24 votes to 11. But he has decided to resign so that he can devote more time to his two great loves—painting horses and racing them.

Who will be the new President? Sir Alfred, said, "I

want someone who is younger to take my place," and there can be no doubt that this sentiment will be echoed by many of his colleagues.

The Royal Academy is going through the most critical phase of its two hundred years existence. Never has it been criticised so forcibly as in the last ten years.

During his four years of office Sir Alfred has been a vigorous and undaunted champion of the Royal Academy, and an unyielding enemy to "modern" art.

While other artists paint still life, portraits and landscapes, he has specialised in the painting of horses. No portrait painter could lavish more loving care on the details of his sitter than Sir Alfred has on the glossy coats and shapely legs of Derby winners and Ascot greys.

In the National Gallery of British Sports and Pastimes there are 16 horse portraits by him. At the last exhibition of his paintings he sold £12,000 worth of paintings in four hours.

Before the war he used to keep 21 horses in his stables. Now there are only three.

DICKENSIAN

AN almost Dickensian figure, Sir Alfred's letters to the press, his speeches and his paintings have all shown a strong traditionalism.

He has attacked the cleaning of pictures at the National Gallery, the works of Picasso, Matisse and Klee, the British Council, the Tate Gallery and the provision of milk for school children.

He has defended thatching, steak and fried onions, Eros,

Victorian painting, Edgar Allan Poe, home-ground flour, and Hitlerite Germany.

Last year he threatened to resign from the Royal Academy if the hanging committee of the summer exhibition refused to accept a painting which he admired.

It is typical of him that the officials at the Royal Academy should first have heard of his decision to retire when they opened their morning paper one day.

ELECTORS

THE new president will need the vigour of Sir Alfred as well as youth if he is to help the Royal Academy to weather the storms of public criticism.

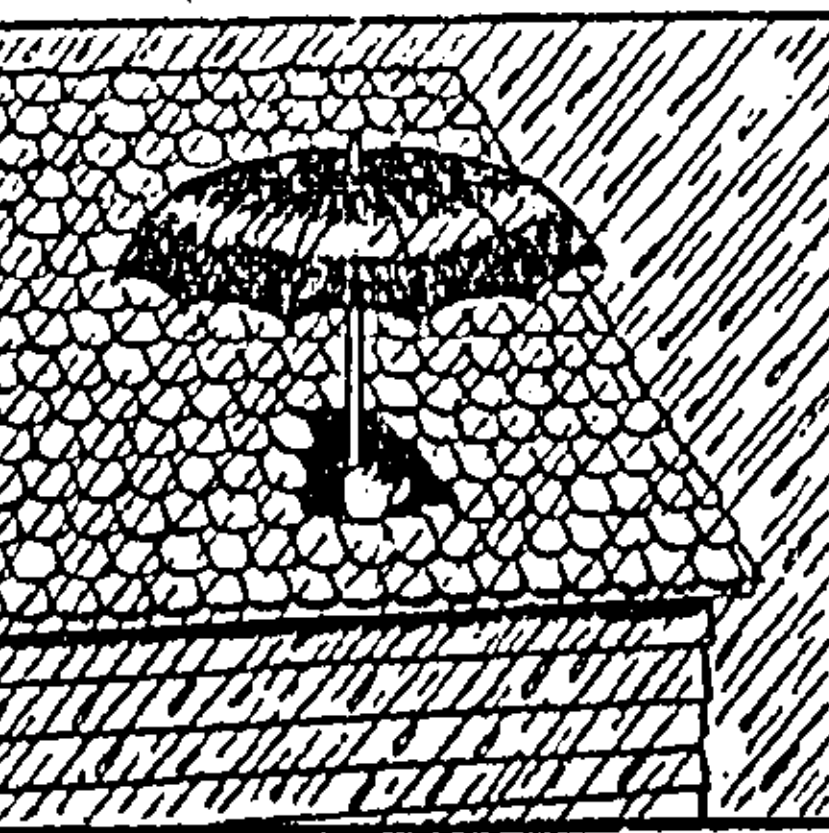
The average age of the 51 Academicians are two women, one of whom, Dame Laura Knight, has a husband who is also an R.A. The oldest member is Sir W. Goscombe John, who is 80, the youngest is Walter Monnington, 46.

At least 20 R.A.s are as old as Sir Alfred, so if a younger man is to be elected he will have to be chosen from the other 25 candidates.

For the seventeenth President of the Royal Academy life will be no bed of roses. He will have a gold chain and medal; he will be knighted; he will receive £300 a year for his own use and benefit under the terms of the Chantry Bequest. The Academy may, at its own discretion, vote him a grant.

But, as the representative of official British art, he will get more kicks from the moderns than half-pence from his orthodox supporters.

NANCY Dry Reading



By Ernie Bushmiller

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Iraq Would Go To Aid Of Syria If Jews Attacked

Baghdad, Apr. 18.—Iraq announced today that she would regard any "Zionist aggression" against Syria's frontiers as an aggression against herself. Iraqi forces, if requested, would help Syrian forces to resist an attack.

This announcement was made after the Iraqi Premier, General Nuri Es Said, had returned from discussions with Colonel Husni Zaim, the new Syrian leader.

Appeal Dismissed

Embezzlement Of US\$6,970

Pleading severity of sentence, Kwan Pak-kul, alias Kwan Tse-leung, 19, a clerk, brought an appeal before the Chief Justice, Sir Leslie Gibson, in the Appeal Court this morning.

Kwan was sentenced to a year's imprisonment on March 14 by Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central for fraudulent embezzlement of US\$6,970.

Stating the grounds for his appeal, Kwan told the Chief Justice that he had committed the offence on the spur of the moment. He asked for a reduction of his sentence.

Mr. M. Heenan, Crown Counsel, who appeared for the Crown, said the embezzlement involved a total of six travellers' cheques sent from the United States to Kwan's employer. Kwan had intercepted them and cashed them at the General Post Office for the equivalent of HK\$35,000.

When Kwan was arrested, a total of \$21,000 was found in his possession. He had apparently \$2,000-\$3,000 on himself and had used the balance of about \$10,000 as a deposit for the purchase of a car which he intended to own.

Proceedings were still being continued by Kwan's former employer for the recovery of that money. Mr. Heenan added that Kwan had not considered that the sentence passed on him was manifestly unjust. Kwan, however, had given the Police every assistance after his arrest, and the greater part of the money misappropriated had been recovered.

Dismissing the appeal, the Chief Justice said he could not see anything that could be said for the appellant.

"Had you come before me," he said, "I would probably have given you more than the Magistrate did."

DENY OFFENCES
Found guilty of conspiracy to rob and possession of two guns, Chan Sam-tung, 28, and Wong Pang, were sentenced to 34 months and two years respectively by Mr. Latimer at Kowloon on February 15.

Both men brought appeals against their conviction before the Chief Justice this morning. They denied having committed the offences, and claimed they had no idea they had any arms in their possession. A newspaper parcel had been passed to them, they said, and they did not know it contained a revolver until the parcel was opened in the Police Station.

Wong Pang further pointed out to the Court that the period of detention before sentence had not been taken into consideration by the Magistrate. (Both men had been arrested at Yau-mat on November 1st last year). He also said that as a result of his imprisonment his wife and family had to beg for a living.

"You would not have had that difficulty if you had not done what you are supposed to have done," said the Chief Justice. He added that he did not think the sentences passed by the Magistrate were excessive and dismissed both appeals.

Seven Years And Cane
Pleading guilty on arraignment to robbery by two or more, Man Kul, 28, farmer, was sentenced to seven years and 12 strokes by Mr. Justice Williams (Pulse Judge) at the Criminal Sessions this morning.

Mr. A. Hooton, Crown Counsel, said that at about 2.15 p.m. on January 10, Chan Pak-wah, a married woman, who was an agent of the Day Farm in New Territories, was in her shop when accused and two men armed with pistols, entered the premises and stole \$240 from a basket. The robbers then fled but were pursued. Accused was caught after a short chase.

Royal To Resign?
Washington, Apr. 18.—The Army Secretary Kenneth C. Royall, today indicated that he does not expect to hold his job much longer. Testifying before a Senate sub-committee, he said at one point that if any "successor" would have to find a decision—United Press.

UN Asked To Inaugurate "Unity Day"

Lake Success, Apr. 18.—The United Nations was today asked to designate April 25 as annual "Unity Day," to commemorate the San Francisco meeting to draft the UN Charter and the linking up of Russian and American forces at the Elbe, both of which occurred on that date in 1945.

The delegations from the Philippines, the Lebanon and Costa Rica submitted a formal resolution to Dr. Herbert E. Evans, President of the General Assembly, asking the Assembly to set April 25 aside as a special day.

It is understood that Mr. Carlos Romulo (Philippines) will endeavour to have the Assembly take action on the April 25 proposal when it next meets, probably at the end of this week.

In a statement today, Mr. Romulo said the observance of April 25 "could have a sobering effect by showing how little or how well the United Nations has fulfilled the promise of its splendid beginnings."

He added: "We now observe October 24 as United Nations Day—the real birthday of the organization, when the Charter came into force."

"April 25 each year ought to be observed as Unity Day—the day of its spiritual conception, when the soldiers of the United Nations joined hands at the Elbe River in assurance of victory, and when states and men of the United Nations met together in San Francisco to realise the fruits of that victory in peace."—United Press.

NEW COMMITTEE

Lake Success, Apr. 18.—A new committee is to be set up to recommend a revision of the methods and procedures of the United Nations' General Assembly.

Its establishment was decided upon today by the ad hoc Political Committee.

Inquiry will be directed principally towards shortening debate.

The committee will consist of the five permanent members of the Security Council plus Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Uruguay, Czechoslovakia, Egypt, India, Iran, Mexico and Sweden.

The committee was directed to submit a preliminary report, if possible, to the present session of the Assembly, and to send its final report to the Secretary-General not later than August 15, 1949, for consideration by the next regular Assembly session.—Reuter.

BANISHEES GAOLED

Four life banishees who pleaded guilty on arraignment to breach of a deportation order, were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment by Mr. Justice Williams (Pulse Judge) at the Criminal Sessions this morning.

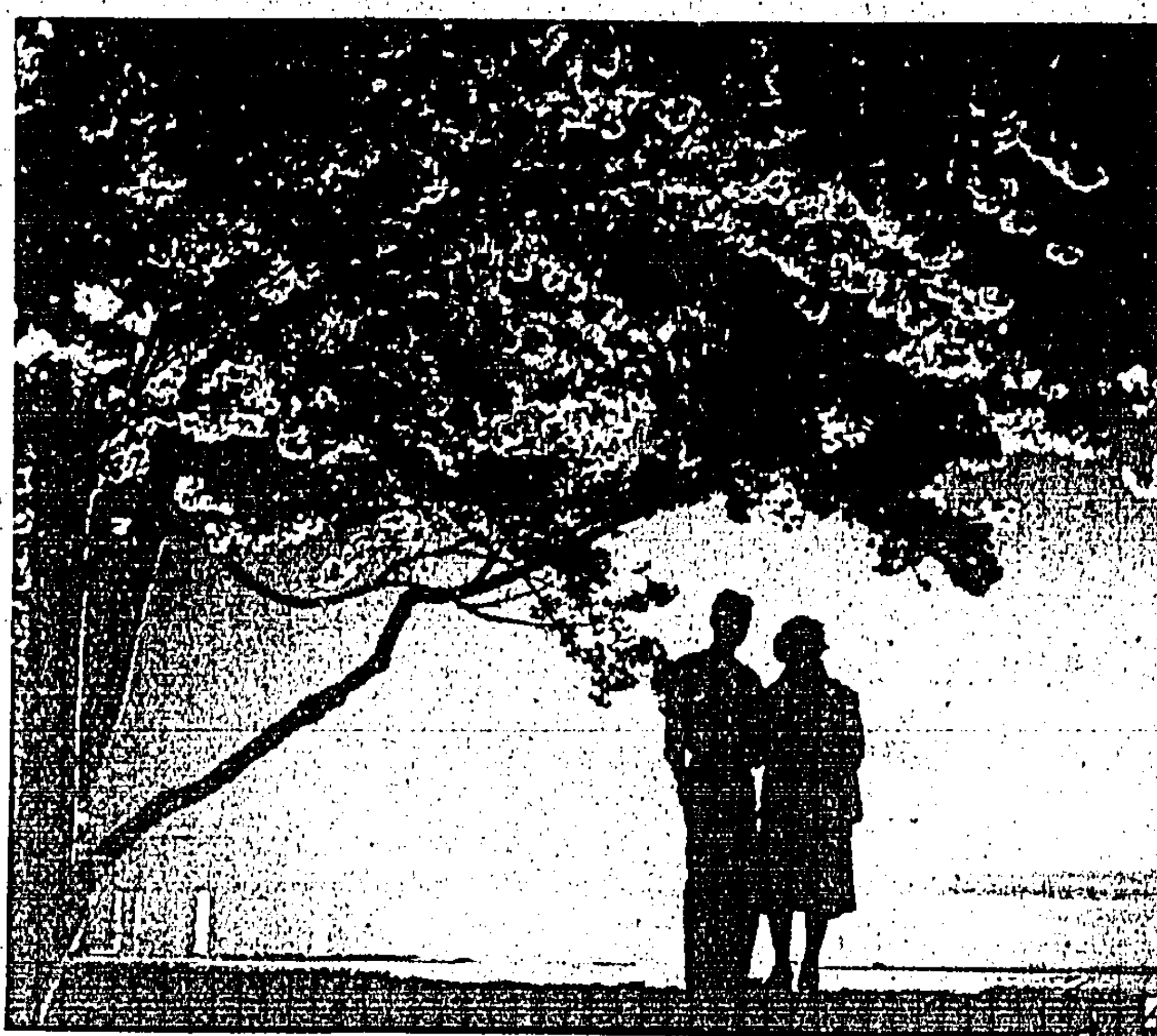
Chiu Hel, alias Chiu Yik, who was given three years and six months, admitted three previous offences.

With five previous convictions, Cheng Kong, alias Cheng Kwong, was given four years.

Wong Kau, alias Li Kam, received three years. He admitted two previous convictions.

Chan Ma-hel, alias Chan Wah, alias Chan Wah-kwai was given four years. His record showed he had three previous convictions.

Silhouette Under Cherry Blossoms



Figures of a boy and girl are silhouetted under the cherry blossoms by search lights used for night illumination of the Tidal Basin, at Washington, D.C. The blossoms are out for the annual cherry blossom festival.

US Withdrawal Talks In Seoul

WASHINGTON STATEMENT

Washington, Apr. 18.—The State Department today said that discussions were under way for the removal of American troops from Korea.

Negotiations are being held at Seoul, the capital of the new Korean Republic, but even if withdrawal is agreed upon, it will not take place for several months.

The State Department spokesman, Mr. Michael McDermott, made that announcement when he confirmed a similar report from the Korean President, Dr. Syngman Rhee.

"President Rhee's statement accurately reflects the situation," said Mr. McDermott. "In line with the provisions of the 1947 and 1948 resolutions of the General Assembly of the United Nations in Paris, which recommended the withdrawal of the occupation forces at the earliest date practicable, discussions are progressing in Seoul."

Mr. McDermott declined to comment on reports that Korea was seeking arms assistance from the United States to build up its own military force.

He said the US Ambassador, Mr. John Muccio, was conducting troop withdrawal negotiations in Seoul.

There had been discussions for a long time which had become more formal in the last four or five days.

There are approximately 7,500 U.S. troops in Korea, including one regimental task force unit and various service units. It has not been disclosed whether they will be returned to the US or transferred to some other area in the Far East.

Recent reports from Honolulu said the possibility of some troops from Korea being sent to Hawaii—United Press.

ECA Pays Out \$9,000,000 In TB Fight

Washington, Apr. 18.—The Marshall Plan has paid for nearly \$9,000,000 worth of streptomycin for the treatment of tuberculosis in Europe, the Economic Co-operation Administration reported today.

The ECA was also financing more than \$500,000 worth of American equipment to reconstruct two French plants to produce the drug, the report added.

In ECA's first year about \$6,000,000 worth of streptomycin was supplied to France alone.

Italy received \$2,000,000 worth, the Netherlands about \$400,000 worth and Austria \$102,375 worth.

Smaller quantities went to Greece.

In each of these countries the tuberculosis rate is high and enough streptomycin is now being despatched to treat 10,000 critical cases, an ECA official said.—Reuter.

10 Years For "Vile Offence"

"This is a vile offence and I propose to pass a heavy sentence," said Mr. Justice Williams (Pulse Judge) at the Criminal Sessions this morning, when sentencing Siu Cheuk-yin, 40, a messenger of the Central Trust of China, to 10 years' hard labour on two counts of demanding money with menaces.

Accused pleaded guilty.

Mr. A. Hooton, Crown Counsel, said that on March 7, a Mrs. Chan of 36 Granville Road, 1st floor, received a letter demanding \$500, with a threat of bombing if the demand was not complied with.

A friend of Mrs. Chan's took the letter to the Police who made up a dummy envelope under a marked \$10 note in it.

Police officers who were hidden inside the house saw accused come up the stairs and remove the envelope. As he left the premises the officers arrested him. At the police station, accused in a statement further admitted sending a similar letter to the occupants at 7, 34 Granville Road, second floor a month earlier, and obtaining \$100 from them.

Mr. Hooton said the handwriting on the two letters was similar to that of the accused.

Accused asked for leniency and said he was prepared to be banished for life together with his family.

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Recent reports from Honolulu said the possibility of some troops from Korea being sent to Hawaii—United Press.

Christianity Conference For Bangkok

Geneva, Apr. 18.—The future of Christianity in Asia will be discussed at a conference of Christian leaders from Asiatic countries scheduled to open at Bangkok on December 4.

The conference is sponsored jointly by the World Council of Churches and the International Missionary Council.

Problems to be considered include the co-operation of Asia's Christian churches, the relationship between Christianity and the major Asiatic religions, and the adaptation of Evangelical methods to "the new social, economic and political factors" in Asia.

Countries to be represented at the conference include China, Japan, Korea, India and Pakistan. European and American missionary leaders are also expected to take part.—Associated Press.

Cripps Urged To Think It Over

Blackpool, Apr. 18.—Members of the 350,000-strong Union of Shop Distributive and Allied Workers today voted to ask the Labour Government to reconsider its 1949 Budget proposals.

They supported by an overwhelming majority on a show of hands a declaration by the Union's National Executive asking for an immediate reconsideration of the proposals on increasing food prices and the retention of the purchase tax.

The Executive declared that the Union was profoundly disturbed at the Government's decision to "peg" food subsidies and to give no relief on the purchase tax.

The Executive declared that the Union was convinced that if the prices of essential goods were to be increased as a result of a policy of pegging food subsidies, then the effect on living standards, which were already below minimum needs, would be such that no amount of exhortation would prevent new wage demands.—Reuter.

Lapham Heads Back For China

San Francisco, Apr. 18.—Mr. Roger D. Lapham is en route to China to resume his duties as Economic Co-operation Administration.

Mr. Lapham and his wife left yesterday by plane after several weeks of visit in the United States.—United Press.

Protection For Foreign Correspondents

Lake Success, Apr. 18.—The United Nations Special Committee today approved an Article declaring that there should be no discrimination against foreign correspondents in providing "access to news."

The group, a Committee of General Assembly, adopted the Article by 28 votes to 3, with 13 abstentions.

The Article said, "Each contracting state shall, within the limits compatible with national security, permit and facilitate access to news for all correspondents of other contracting states so far as possible on the same basis as for the corresponding domestic information agencies, and shall not discriminate among correspondents of other contracting states as regards such access."

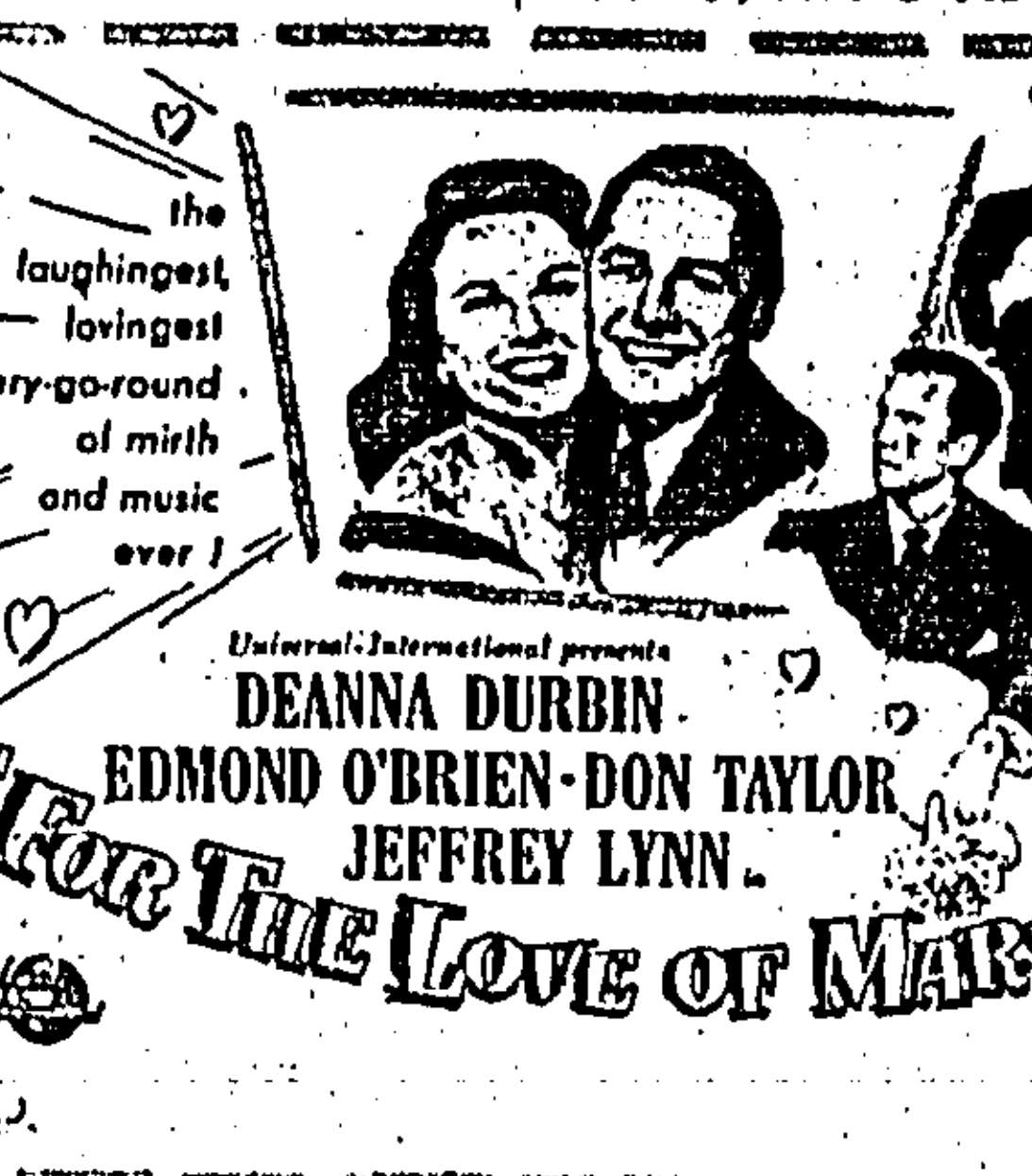
A Polish amendment, limiting the scope of the Article, was defeated by 30 votes to five, with seven abstentions.

Under the Polish proposal contracting states "in the interests of the dissemination of conscientious information" would have granted "the right of wide access to sources of news and to facilities for communication both on their own territory and in other countries, with the limits compatible with the interests of national security."—Reuter.

LEE THEATRE

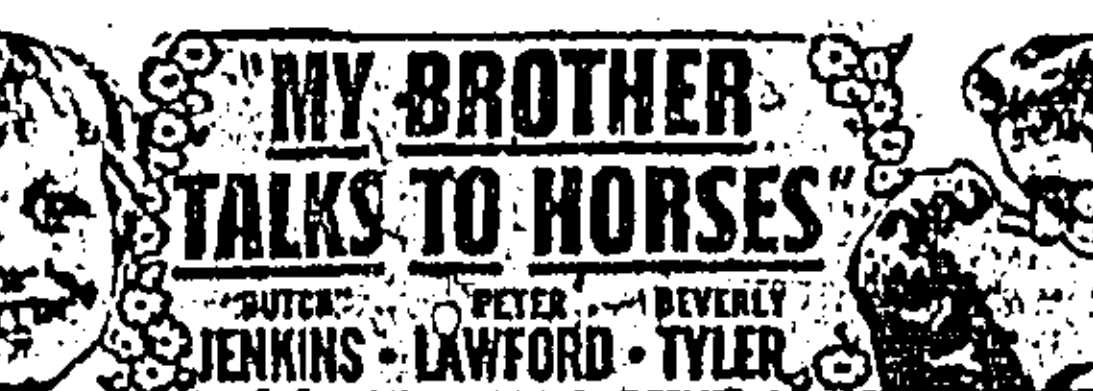
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Original screenplay by Oscar Brodsky
Produced by ROBERT ARTHUR • Directed by FREDERICK DE CORDOVA

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SHOWING TO-DAY
KING'S
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

MILLIONS CHEERED IT AS THE MOST EXCITING
ADVENTURE STORY IN YEARS—NOW THRILL TO ITS
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BETTY GRABLE • VICTOR MATURE
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At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.



Radio Hongkong
New Type Of Artificial Hand

Atlanta, Georgia, April 18.—An artificial hand that feels a lot of people was shown here by specialists at Lawson General Hospital.

Complete with hairs, natural lines and wrinkles, the plastic hand and fingers of sponge rubber can even hold a cigarette or playing card.

Dr. Mervin Charles Cleaver, chief of the Plastic eye and restorations clinic at Lawson, said the hands are specially built for each wearer. They are moulded from the amputee's sound hand, matched for skin and colour and fitted with hair taken from the patient's head. The fingernails are tinted.

The result is a "cosmetic hand" to replace the black glove edification now in use.—Associated Press.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Don't waste any time when you get home, standing outside saying good night to your boy friend—you know how easily you get stuffed-up sinuses!"

Future Of Former Italian Colonies

PAKISTAN ADVOCATES UN TRUSTEESHIP

Lake Success, Apr. 18.—A short-term United Nations trusteeship over the former Italian colonies in Libya and Somaliland, on the lines of the Soviet plan, was proposed to the Political Committee today by Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, chief Pakistan delegate.

The main outlines of Sir Mohammed's proposals, which diplomatic observers believed represent general Arab opinion, were:

- (1) Preserve the unity of Cyrenaica, Tripolitania and Fezzan under a five-year United Nations trusteeship, after which the whole of Libya would gain independence.
- (2) Somaliland should have a United Nations trusteeship administration for 10 years, after which it should be granted independence.
- (3) The United Nations administration for these areas should be assisted by an Advisory Council of nine members, consisting of representatives of Britain, Russia, the United States, France, Italy, the European and indigenous populations, Egypt and one other Middle Eastern state.

On Eritrea, Sir Mohammed said that if Ethiopia claimed to incorporate the whole of Eritrea into its own territory, it should be prepared to "accept the application of the same principle to the Ogaden province and its neighbouring areas inhabited by Somalis."

Sir Mohammed asked what was the record of the proposed United Nations trusteeses for the former Italian colonies.

"I am sure I shall be forgiven if I were to venture to submit that Italy's record would not bear examination, and I am not sure that one could say very much more than that in favour of France," he added.

TRAGIC MEMORIES
Dealing with a proposal to give Italy trusteeship over Tripolitania, Sir Mohammed said that the Italian Government would in fact have to rely largely on the Italian population for its task.

"That would at once set the two sections of the population by the ears and destroy at one stroke the spirit of co-operation and friendliness which is beginning to manifest itself," Sir Mohammed said.

"It is too much to expect that the Arab population would be prepared to erase from their minds the tragic memories and the cruel sufferings that were inflicted upon them during the long and agonising period of Italian settlement."

"It took Italy more than 10 years to subjugate and subvert the population of Libya. Over months on end the executions averaged 30 persons a day."

"Escaping Arabs were taking up in planes and hurried on the rocks below," Sir Mohammed continued. "In the pitiless desert, wells were sealed with cement."

"During these years, nearly half of the native population of Cyrenaica perished. The memory of these horrors is still fresh in the minds of the Arab population."

IRONICAL PROPOSAL
"The population was liberated by the Allied forces during the last war. What was it liberated from? It was liberated from Italian rule and domination."

"Is it not an irony then that it is now solemnly proposed to hand this population over once more to Italian rule and domination?"

"We are told there is a great difference. 'Italy was there before the war as an exploiting colonial power.'"

"It will now be invited to return as a trustee under the United Nations. That is a distinction which would, in fact, not be much of a difference in the eyes of the population which has so recently undergone such cruel sufferings at the hands of Italy, and whose memory of those sufferings is still so fresh."

Sir Mohammed said that any return of Italian rule would be found to revive a struggle between the administrators and the indigenous inhabitants.

UNITY OF LIBYA
Discussing the alternative proposal for a general United Nations trusteeship over the areas, Sir Mohammed said that its great merit would be that it would preserve the unity of Libya and start with the goodwill of the people themselves.

The Fezzan, he said, was a case in point. Supposing France were given a trusteeship over this area, the following might happen:

"Vested interests might during the interval be created. French immigration into Fezzan might take place. The economy might become integrated with that of neighbouring French possessions, and considerations of security and strategy might make the integration of the Fezzan with Tunisia or Algeria inevitable."

Senior Herman Santa Cruz (Chile) supported the idea of British administration in

Cyrenaica and Italian trusteeship for Tripolitania and Somaliland.

Regarding Eritrea he viewed Ethiopia claims "with sympathy."

The Committee then adjourned for luncheon.—Reuter.

Cominform Attacks Tito.

London, Apr. 18.—Moscow Radio today quoted the official Cominform weekly journal in Bucharest as saying that Marshal Josip Tito, the Yugoslav Premier, "a camouflaged participant of the Atlantic Pact" and his "clique" were performing "a special task in the plans of the imperialists for the preparation of a new war."

"American imperialists have right wing Socialist agents, such as Mr. Bevin (the British Foreign Secretary) and M. Leon Blum (the French Socialist leader), kukul agents such as Mikolajczyk and Ferenc Nagy, Catholic agents such as Mindszenty and Signor de Gasperi, and Fascist agents such as General de Gaulle," the article said, according to Moscow Radio.

"But they also need agents purporting to be Communists. They have acquired such agents in the person of Tito and his clique."

TRACHEROUS POLICY
After asserting that "Tito's propaganda against the Soviet Union and the people's democracies has intensified of late," the journal added: "Anxious to help the imperialists, Tito declares that the danger of Yugoslavia being colonised does not come from American imperialists but from the Soviet Union and the people's democracies."

"This calumny is also aimed at diverting the attention of Yugoslav workers from the treacherous policy of the Yugoslav Communist Party's leadership—a policy which is turning Yugoslavia into a slave of Wall Street."

"The imperialists have assigned to Tito the task of threatening the people's democracies of South East Europe, of hampering their development and of causing anxiety in these countries, especially Bulgaria, Hungary and Albania."

"At the very time of the reorganisation of the Greek Democratic Government, the capitalist press has announced the rapprochement between Tito's clique and the Greek Monarcho-Fascists. The campaign of abuse and incitement waged by Tito against Albania and Bulgaria prove that Tito and Tsaldaris are working in collaboration," Moscow Radio concluded.—Reuter.

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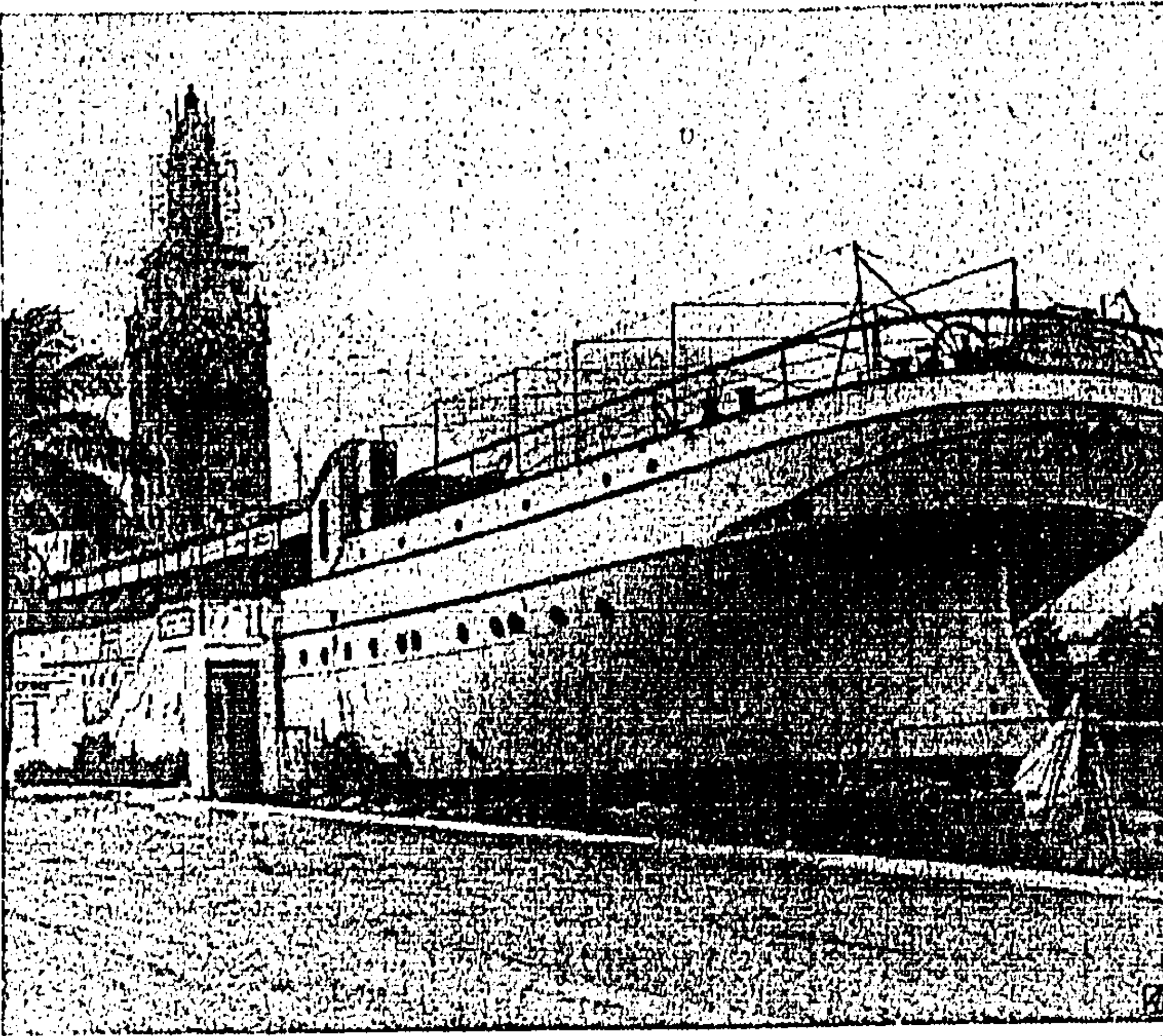
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"He's terribly intelligent. He says he goes out with me to give his mind a rest."

Landlocked Ship Ordered To 'Sail'



The Prins Valdemar has been ordered to "sail" by Miami officials who will not renew its permit to occupy city-owned land. The vessel capsized 25 years ago, was raised and landlocked for use as an aquarium and restaurant.

Ireland Stands Alone As A Nation

NO ENTANGLEMENTS OR TIES WITH ANY COUNTRY SAYS MR COSTELLO

Dublin, Apr. 18.—The Republic of Ireland now "stands alone as a nation," Mr John Costello, the Prime Minister of Eire, declared at a press conference here this afternoon. "We have no alliances, entanglements or ties with any country in the world, but are to be reckoned with now as an independent State, however small we are."

Mr Costello continued: "Until partition goes, we cannot give the full contribution we could give in economic and military co-operation in the defence of peace."

Mr Costello said the Eire Government would be prepared to allow the people of Northern Ireland to retain their present powers of government, provided that the powers of defence and foreign affairs were in the hands of an All-Ireland Government.

"Although we have severed the ties that bound us to Great Britain and the other members of the Commonwealth," he added, "we believe that what has been done today will ensure a more cordial and closer co-operation, greater and more real friendship between Ireland, Great Britain and the other Commonwealth countries than could ever have existed under the former conditions."

Mr Costello thanked the people of the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa for the part they had played in helping Eire.

In Northern Ireland, where the celebrations of the Republic of Eire today were banned by the Government, no incidents were reported.

ULSTER BOYCOTT
Many Nationalists in Ulster joined with Mr Eamon de Valera in boycotting the celebration, on the ground that there was no cause for rejoicing so long as the country remained divided.

Mr Sean MacBride, the Foreign Minister of the new Republic, said tonight in Chicago that if Ireland joined the Atlantic Pact while partitioned, she would "almost certainly" face the threat of a civil war in the event of a crisis.

Mr MacBride, who was speaking at the Irish Fellowship Club banquet, said: "While the artificial partition lasts, any military alliance or commitment involving joint military action with a State responsible for the partition is for us quite impossible."

Mr MacBride added that no Irish Government could hope to obtain the necessary support from the Irish people for such a commitment. Ireland was in complete agreement with the objects of the Atlantic Pact, but had not joined it because

It was understood that Mr Attlee even envisaged a wider scope to Commonwealth nations to embrace Republican members, such as Burma and Ireland. Their matters reportedly on the agenda of the conference and Australia's recent agreement with Britain and the possibility of the Australian pound being restored to parity with the Pound Sterling.

South Africa is also understood to be bringing up the matter of the British Naval base at Simonstown, which Premier Daniel Malan has said should be transferred to the South African Union.

Official sources, however, stressed that the conference is simply "an informal exchange of views" and no decisions will be taken. They said that all recommendations by the Prime Ministers must be referred to their respective Parliaments for necessary legislation.—United Press.

FUTURE OF INDIA
Mr Attlee Said To Be Concerned
London, Apr. 18.—The Prime Minister, Mr Clement Attlee, who will preside over the forthcoming Commonwealth conference, has hitherto made no effort to conceal his anxiety to retain India's association with the Commonwealth.

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Self-Govt For Malaya Overture

Kuala Lumpur, Apr. 18.—The Indian Congress Party in Malaya is to ask the British Government to help Malaya to achieve democratic self-government "within a reasonably short period." The request, which is to be sent to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr Arthur Creech Jones, asks Britain for political, economic and educational assistance to this end.

A resolution passed at the annual conference of the Congress, held over Easter, said: "We want Britain to end her colonial rule of Malaya and assume the responsibilities of trusteeship." It added: "This might entail small sacrifices on the part of Britain, but these would be a cheap price for the long-term advantages that would accrue from a Malaya that is friendly and grateful to Britain."

The resolution asserted that Malaya's Federal Constitution was not democratic and did not contain the seeds of democratic growth. It said the delegates believed the proposed programme would "considerably strengthen the confidence of the Malayan people in the British Government and enable Malaya to be a great asset to Britain and the Commonwealth."—Reuter.

DEATH OF NOTED SCIENTIST

Sharon, Massachusetts, Apr. 18.—Mr Joseph Cushman, noted biologist and director of the J.A. Cushman Laboratory for Foraminiferal Research, died here last night, aged 60. He was known for his studies of minute sea animals called foraminifera. His work in that field led to a system of classifying petroleum deposits. He was the author of 500 scientific articles and books.—Reuter.

POCKET CARTOON

